Questions to consid	ler		Evidence / comments
1 Mission of Interr	nal Audit		
Based on your review of conformance with other requirements of the Public Sector Internal Audit Standards (PSIAS) and Local Government Application Note (LGAN), does the internal audit activity aspire to accomplish the Mission of Internal Audit as set out in the PSIAS?			The mission of Internal Audit is clearly documented in the Audit Charter. This is reviewed annually by the Audit Committee.
To enhance and protect organisational value by providing risk-based and objective assurance, advice and insight.			
CONFORMS ✓	PARTIAL	NOT CONFORMING	

Questions to consider		Evidence / comments	
2 Definition of Internal Auditing			
Based on your review of conformance is the internal audit activity independe	with other requirements of the PSIAS and LGAN, int and objective?	An Audit Charter is in place that sets out Internal Audit's independen This is also documented in the Internal Auditor and Assurance Manag	
CONFORMS ✓ PARTIAL	NOT CONFORMING	As internal audit is currently responsible for the council's risk management and insurance arrangements, the council will use independent auditors (Lancashire County Council) to provide independent assurance that controls are adequate and effective if required. Audit are required from time to time to get involved / give advice on new systems / new controls etc. Due to the size of the team, it may be that the same auditor will then have to perform the audit. The auditor is, however mindful of their independence and has the option to call in Lancashire County Council or Wyre Council (owing to a shared CIA arrangement) if necessary. It is a requirement of both IIA and CIPFA for its members to be both independent and objective. Objectivity is one of the four fundamental principles listed in the Internal Audit Charter / Code of Ethics. All reports are reviewed by the IAAM (CAE) prior to issue to ensure that	

			the auditor has remained objective and that an overall balanced view is given.
Based on your review of conformance with other requirements of the PSIAS and LGAN, does the internal audit activity use a systematic and disciplined approach to evaluate and improve the effectiveness of risk management, control and			There is a standard methodology in place for determining the ranking of opinions and rankings of findings / recommendations in audit reports.
governance proces	sses within the organis	ation?	RISK / Control matrices are used to identify key areas prior to the start of each audit.
CONFORMS ✓	CONFORMS ✓ PARTIAL NOT CONFORMING		The council has recently approved a risk management policy which will be reviewed annually.
			The internal audit team use standardised working papers and audit report templates.

Questions to consider	Evidence / comments
3 Core Principles	
The Core Principles, taken as a whole, articulate internal audit effectiveness, and provide a basis for considering whether the review of conformance with the attribute standards and performance standards reflects full conformance, partial conformance or non-conformance with the PSIAS and the Local Government Application Note. In making this assessment, the assessor should have regard to positive evidence of conformance or non-conformance and the lack of evidence of non-conformance where positive evidence is difficult to obtain.	
Where there are instances of partial conformance or non-conformance in particular areas, you may need to make a judgment having regard to materiality and other factors in order to form a view on whether the internal audit activity conforms with a particular Core Principle. Any such judgments should be highlighted and explained.	
Demonstrates integrity. Having regard to your review of conformance with the Code of Ethics (Integrity, Seven Principles of Public Life), do you consider that the internal audit activity fully conforms with the PSIAS and LGAN by demonstrating integrity?	Auditors are bound by their ethical standards both in the internal audit Charter / Code of Ethics and with their own professional bodies, i.e. CIPFA / IIA. Elements such as these are a requirement of the role and, as such, are

CONFORMS ✓	PARTIAL	NOT CONFORMING	referred to in job descriptions and are reviewed quarterly via the council's performance appraisal process.
			Auditors are required to complete an annual declaration of interests.
			Auditors are bound by their professional and ethical standards and the Code of Ethics within the Internal Audit Charter.
			In addition to being bound by professional and ethical standards and the Code of Ethics within the Internal Audit Charter, internal audit also complies with the council's Employee Code of Conduct Policy.

Questions to consider			Evidence / comments
Demonstrates competence and due professional care.			Elements such as these are a requirement of the role are reviewed regularly via 1-1's with the IAAM.
Having regard to your review of conformance with the Code of Ethics (Competence, Confidentiality, Seven Principles of Public Life) and any other evidence from the review of conformance with Standards, do you consider that the internal audit activity fully conforms with the PSIAS and LGAN by demonstrating competence and due professional care?			Auditors complete and regularly update their Continual Professional Development (CPD) records. The Quality Assurance and Improvement Programme; internal assessments ensure auditors can demonstrate competence.
CONFORMS ✓	PARTIAL	NOT CONFORMING	
Is objective and free from undue influence (independent). Having regard to your review of conformance with the Code of Ethics (Objectivity, Seven Principles of Public Life) and any other evidence from the review of conformance with standards, do you consider that the internal audit activity fully conforms with the PSIAS and LGAN by being objective and free from undue influence			Elements such as these are a requirement of the role and, as such, are referred to in job descriptions and are reviewed regularly. Auditors are required to complete an annual declaration of interests. Staff are aware of the requirement to declare any gifts and hospitality.
(independent)? CONFORMS ✓ PARTIAL NOT CONFORMING			
Aligns with the strategies, objectives, and risks of the organisation.			Following the approval of the Council's Corporate Plan a review of the strategic risk register is carried out to ensure that the key risks of the organisation are identified and addressed through the annual audit pla
Based on your review of conformance with standards, do you consider that the internal audit activity fully conforms with the PSIAS and LGAN by being aligned with the strategies, objectives, and risks of the organisation?			which if delivered, will assist the council in delivering its overall plan.
CONFORMS ✓	PARTIAL	NOT CONFORMING	The Internal Audit Team reports directly to the Financial Services Manager
Is appropriately positioned a			(Section 151 Officer) who attends the Executive Team meetings.
Based on your review of conformance with standards, do you consider that the internal audit activity fully conforms with the PSIAS and LGAN by being appropriately positioned and adequately resourced?			Whilst the Internal Audit Team is very small; assurance mapping and a fully risk based audit plan means that the team is adequately resourced to
CONFORMS ✓	PARTIAL	NOT CONFORMING	deliver the audit plan and deliver an annual audit opinion.
Demonstrates quality and co	ontinuous improvement		A Quality Assurance and Improvement Programme is in place which is

Based on your review of conformance with standards, do you consider that the internal audit activity fully conforms with the PSIAS and LGAN by demonstrating quality and continuous improvement?			submitted to the Audit Committee annually. It includes a number of internal and external assessments which ensures that internal audit activity can demonstrate quality and continuous improvement.
CONFORMS ✓ PARTIAL NOT CONFORMING			
Communicates effectively.			The Internal Audit Charter sets out how Internal Audit communicates its
Based on your review of conformance with standards, do you consider that the internal audit activity fully conforms with the PSIAS and LGAN by communicating effectively?			activity.
CONFORMS ✓ PARTIAL NOT CONFORMING			

Questions to consider			Evidence / comments	
Provides risk-based assurance.			The Internal Audit Plan is formulated following a risk-based assessment of the audit universe. At the start of each audit assignment, a full risk assessment is completed by the auditor which identifies and documents the audit areas, key risks and expected controls.	
Based on your review of conformance with standards, do you consider that the internal audit activity fully conforms with the PSIAS and LGAN by providing risk-based assurance, based on adequate risk assessment?				
CONFORMS ✓	PARTIAL	NOT CONFORMING		
Is insightful, proactiv	ve, and future-	focused.	The Internal Audit Team liaises with all Corporate Directors, Service	
,	fully conforms \	with standards, do you consider that the with the PSIAS and LGAN by being insightful,	 Managers and External Audit prior to pulling together the annual audit plan. A number of 'horizon scanning' documents are used to ensure that full 	
CONFORMS ✓ PARTIAL NOT CONFORMING		NOT CONFORMING	coverage is obtained. The implementation of a strategic risk register has assisted this year in ensuring the audit environment is covered.	
Promotes organisatio	nal improveme	ent.	All internal audit reports are published on the Council's Intranet.	
Based on your review of conformance with standards, do you consider that the internal audit activity fully conforms with the PSIAS and LGAN by promoting organisational improvement?			Six monthly progress reports are issued to the Audit Committee. In addition, the Internal Audit Annual Report documents the work and achievements of the team during the year.	
CONFORMS ✓	PARTIAL	NOT CONFORMING		

Questions to consider	Evidence / comments	
4 Code of Ethics		
Integrity		

	Auditors are bound by their professional and ethical standards and the
CONFORMS ✓ PARTIAL NOT CONFORMING	Code of Ethics within the Internal Audit Charter. In addition to being bound by professional and ethical standards and the Code of Ethics within the Internal Audit Charter, internal audit also complies with the council's Employee Code of Conduct Policy.
Objectivity	
Based on your review of conformance with other requirements of the PSIAS and	Compliance with Audit Charter / Code of Ethics
 LGAN, do you consider that internal auditors display objectivity by: Not taking part in any activity or relationship that may impair or be presumed to impair their unbiased assessment? Not accepting anything that may impair or be presumed to impair their professional judgement? Disclosing all material facts known to them that, if not disclosed, may distort the reporting of activities under review? 	Completion of annual declarations of interests. Audit are required from time to time to get involved / give advice on new systems / new controls etc. Owing to the size of the team, it may be that the same auditor will then have to perform the audit. The auditor is, however mindful of their independence and has the option to call in Lancashire County Council if necessary. In addition, the Council is also currently joint working with Wyre Council, therefore there is also an option to use audit staff from that authority if required.
CONFORMS ✓ PARTIAL NOT CONFORMING	

Questions to consider			Evidence / comments
Confidentiality			
Based on your review of conformation you consider that internal auditorespect and care by:	•	Compliance with Audit Charter / Code of Conduct and Public Sector Internal Audit Standards.	
 Acting prudently when usin their duties and protecting 	•	The Audit review process undertaken by the IAAM (CAE) includes a review of the information used for testing and how it was processed.	
Not using information for any personal gain or in any manner that would be contrary to the law or detrimental to the legitimate and ethical objectives of the organisation?			Compliance with audit retention schedules.
CONFORMS ✓ PARTIAL NOT CONFORMING			Understanding of the Data Protection Act 2018 and the enshrined GDPR. Compliance to the Audit Charter / Code of Ethics and the auditor's own professional standards.
Competency Based on your review of conformance with other requirements of the PSIAS and LGAN, do you consider that internal auditors display competence by:			The Principal Auditor is currently working towards becoming professionally qualified to PIIA standard and therefore has the experience and skills to carry out the required audits.
 Only carrying out services for which they have the necessary knowledge, skills and experience? Performing services in accordance with the PSIAS? 			The Principal Auditor has been supplied with a copy of Audit Charter / Code of Ethics and the PSIAS and performance is regularly assessed.
 ■ Continually improving their proficiency and effectiveness and quality of their services, for example through CPD schemes? CONFORMS ✓ PARTIAL NOT CONFORMING 			Work related objectives are agreed in advance at the start of the year and reviewed regularly as part of the performance appraisal process and regular 1-1's.
			Audit staff are encouraged to maintain records of continuing professional development to satisfy their professional membership requirements.
			Regular attendance at the audit weekend school.

Seven Principles of Public L	ife		A copy of the Internal Audit Charter and the Code of Ethics which refers to the Seven Principles of Public Life, has been provided to all Internal Audit staff.
Based on your review of confo	ernal auditors, whether co	onsciously or through	
conformance with organisation Committee on Standards of Pu	·	, nave due regard to the	
Life's Seven Principles of Publ			
CONFORMS ✓ PARTIAL NOT CONFORMING			

Questions to consider			Evidence / comments
Standards			
5 Attribute Standards			
5.1 1000 Purpose, Authority	and Responsibility		
The questions in this section seek to confirm that the purpose, authority and responsibility of the internal audit activity have been properly defined consistent with the PSIAS, formally approved in an internal audit charter and periodically reviewed.			
Does the internal audit charter formal definition of: the purpose the authority, and the responsibility of the internal audit activity of Audit Standards (PSIAS)?			The Audit Charter includes a definition in accordance with the PSIAS.
CONFORMS ✓	PARTIAL	NOT CONFORMING	

Questions to consider			Evidence / comments
Does the internal audit charter conform with the PSIAS by clearly and appropriately defining the terms 'board' and 'senior management' for the purposes of the internal audit activity? Note that it is expected that the audit committee will fulfil the role of the board in the majority of instances.			The Audit Charter defines the 'board' as the Audit Committee and 'Senior Management' as the Chief Executive and Executive Team.
CONFORMS ✓	PARTIAL	NOT CONFORMING	
Does the internal audit	charter also:	'	
Set out the internal	audit activity's position v	within the organisation?	See Audit Charter
 Establish the chief audit executive's (CAE) functional reporting relationship with the board? Establish the accountability, reporting line and relationship between the CAE and those to whom the CAE may report administratively? Where applicable, this will need to encompass shared service or external providers of internal audit, and the role of the contract manager. 			Since May 2017, the IAAM has provided assurance in the CIA role for Lancaster City Council. A service level agreement has been entered into and is currently on a 12 month rolling contract. The service level agreement between Lancaster City Council and Wyre contains a job description which defines the nature of assurance service provided.
Establish the responsibility of the board and also the role of the statutory officers (such as the CFO, the monitoring officer and the head of paid service) with regards to internal audit?			
premises and its au	-	Ill records, assets, personnel and formation and explanations as it es?	
■ Define the scope of	internal audit activities?		
Recognise that inter the organisation?	nal audit's remit extends	to the entire control environment of	
Establish the organ	sational independence o	of internal audit?	
Cover the arrangem	ents for appropriate resou	urcing?	
Define the role of ir	iternal audit in any fraud	-related work?	

- Set out the existing arrangements within the organisation's anti- fraud and anticorruption policies, requiring the CAE to be notified of all suspected or detected fraud, corruption or impropriety?
- Include arrangements for avoiding conflicts of interest if internal audit or the CAE undertakes non-auditactivities?
- Define the nature of assurance services provided to the organisation, as well as assurances provided to parties external to the organisation?
- Define the nature of consulting services?
- Recognise the mandatory nature of the PSIAS?

CONFORMS ✓ PARTIAL NOT CONFORMING

Questions to consider			Evidence / comments	
Does the CAE periodically management and the boa		t charter and present it to senior	An annual review is undertaken.	
CONFORMS ✓	PARTIAL	NOT CONFORMING		
5.2 1100 Independence	and Objectivity			
The questions in this sect independent and internal		t the internal audit activity is n performing their work.		
board? Does the CAE have free a	nd unfettered access to	o senior management and the , as well as communicate and the chair of the audit	The IAAM (CAE) reports directly to the Executive Team and attends all the Audit Committee meetings to present reports. There is also an annual opportunity for the CAE to have a periodic private discussion with the Audit Committee. Access rights and reporting lines are documented in the Audit Charter. The Chairman of the Audit Committee attends regular pre-meeting briefings.	
CONFORMS ✓	PARTIAL	NOT CONFORMING		
Does the CAE attend aud	_		See minutes of Audit Committee indicating attendees and contribution.	
CONFORMS ✓	PARTIAL	NOT CONFORMING		
Are threats to objectivity	identified and managed	at the following levels:	Audit staff complete a declaration of interests annually. The option exists for audit work to be commissioned from Lancashire County Council and Wyre Council if there is a threat to objectivity.	
■ Engagement?			The IAAM (CAE) will consider any threats to objectivity at the start of	
■ Functional?			each audit.	
Organisation?			Internal Audit has limited responsibilities outside audit responsibilities, thus protecting its independence and objectivity.	
CONFORMS ✓	PARTIAL	NOT CONFORMING		
1110 Organisational Inc	dependence			

This subsection seeks to been put in place that pre		nd management arrangements dence and objectivity.	
This is of particular important of the authority.	tance when the CAE is li	ne-managed by another	
,	organisational level equ	al or higher to the corporate	The CAE reports directly to the Financial Services Manager Corporate
Does the CAE report to a l activity to fulfil its respon	_	ion that allows the internal audit	(Section 151 Officer) who attends the Executive Team meetings.
CONFORMS ✓	PARTIAL	NOT CONFORMING	

Questions to consid	ler		Evidence / comments
Provide the CAE action plans are ofEnsure that he or	discussed effectively with	ensure that audit plans, reports and hthe board? and independent to be able to	The audit work programme includes an opportunity for the CAE to meet with the Audit Committee in private. The IAAM is one of a number of Service Managers who together with the three Directors and the Deputy Director form the Council's Executive Team.
CONFORMS ✓	PARTIAL	NOT CONFORMING	
Does the CAE confirmed organisationally independent	•	nnually, that the internal audit activity is	Documented in the Audit Charter which is presented to the Audit Committee annually.
CONFORMS ✓	PARTIAL	NOT CONFORMING	
Is the organisationa reporting by the CA	•	nal audit realised by functional	The Audit Committee annually approves the Internal Audit Charter and the risk based plan at the start of the year.
the CAE reports fund approves the interports approves the risk approves the interports approves the interport receives communication to the plate approves decision	etionally to the Board, whe ernal audit charter a-based audit plan ernal audit budget and r nications from the CAE or an, for example)	esource plan the activity's performance (in	The Audit Committee receives six monthly updates on risk management and progress on completion of the audit plan. The appointment / dismissal of the CAE is not reflected in the council's Constitution as an elected member responsibility and falls to the Financial Services Manager (Section 151 Officer) who is responsible for maintaining an adequate internal audit function. Any decision, however, would be presented to the Audit Committee for noting. The Audit Committee work programme allows an opportunity for a private discussion with the External Auditor which would allow them to comment on the performance of the IAAM, if appropriate.
	e from management and ope or resource limitation	the CAE as to whether there are any ns.	The Audit Committee work programme allows an opportunity for a private discussion with the External Auditor which would allow them to comment on the performance of the IAAM, if appropriate.

The Audit Committee have the opportunity to question IAAM and the Financial Services Manager (Section 151 Officer) at the meeting when the audit plan is presented, and progress reports are provided. The Financial Services Manager (Section 151 Officer), who attends Executive Team meetings on a regular has regular 1-2-1's with the IAAM (CAE) to ensure that she is fulfilling the terms of conditions of the SLA that is in place between Lancaster City Council and Wyre Council for a The Public Sector Interpretation to PSIAS 1110 notes that board approval of CAE shared CIA. remuneration does not generally happen in the UK public sector, and that the underlying principle is therefore that the independence of the CAE must be safeguarded by ensuring that their remuneration or performance assessment is not inappropriately influenced by those subject to audit. EQA assessors should therefore consider whether adequate steps are taken to safeguard the independence of the CAE by ensuring that remuneration or performance assessment is not inappropriately influenced by those subject to audit. This might for example reflect some involvement of the chief executive in the performance assessment process or feedback from the audit committee chair. CONFORMS ✓ PARTIAL **NOT CONFORMING** 1111 Direct Interaction with the Board The IAAM (CAE) attends a pre-audit meeting with the Chairman of the Does the CAE communicate and interact directly with the board? Audit Committee and also attends all Audit Committee Meetings. CONFORMS ✓ PARTIAL NOT CONFORMING

Questions to consider			Evidence / comments
1112 Chief Audit Execut	ive Roles Beyond Into	ernal Auditing	
	•	fall outside of internal auditing, are ents to independence or objectivity?	The IAAM has operational responsibility for risk management. External Assurance will be sought in respect of this services operating effectively.
Does the board periodicall	y review these safegua	ards?	This arrangement is reported to the Audit Committee annually in the
CONFORMS ✓	PARTIAL	NOT CONFORMING	Annual Audit Report.
1120 Individual Objectiv	vity		
Do internal auditors have	an impartial, unbiase	ed attitude?	Feedback questions sent after each audit are used to monitor the
CONFORMS ✓	PARTIAL	NOT CONFORMING	auditor's approach.
Do internal auditors avoid	any conflict of interest	t, whether apparent or actual?	Auditors will complete an annual declaration of interests.
CONFORMS ✓	PARTIAL	NOT CONFORMING	Compliance with the Internal Audit Charter / Code of Ethics.
			Audit Staff are aware that they need to report any suspected conflicts of interest if they arise during an audit review. There have been no conflicts of interest recorded to date.
1130 Impairment to Ind	 lependence or Object	 tivity	
this been disclosed to appr	ropriate parties (deper een the CAE and senio	nt of independence or objectivity, has nding on the nature of the impairment or management/the board as set out in	The IAAM has operational responsibility for risk management. External Assurance will be sought in respect of this services operating effectively.
CONFORMS N/A	PARTIAL N/A	NOT CONFORMING N/A	
		operated so that internal auditors have nave been responsible within the	N/A
CONFORMS N/A	PARTIAL N/A	NOT CONFORMING N/A	

· ·	, have these engagem	areas over which the CAE also has ents been overseen by someone	N/A
CONFORMS ✓	PARTIAL	NOT CONFORMING	
Is the risk of over-familiar rotating assignments for o responsibilities periodical	ongoing assurance engag		Owing to the size of the audit team this is not achievable. However the use of Lancashire County Council and the potential to use Wyre Council allows the rotation of audits where appropriate.
CONFORMS ✓	PARTIAL	NOT CONFORMING	
Have internal auditors dec requirements?	lared interests in accorda	nce with organisational	The Internal Audit Team Audit all complete an annual declaration of interests.
CONFORMS ✓	PARTIAL	NOT CONFORMING	Staff are provided with the Internal Audit Charter / Code of Ethics. Both documents are also on the intranet.
	clients, suppliers or other	, hospitality, inducements or other er third parties (other than as may this been declared and	There have been no declarations of gifts and hospitality received in 2020/21.
investigated fully?			Audit staff are reminded annually of the council's procedures in respect of receiving gifts and hospitality.
CONFORMS ✓	PARTIAL	NOT CONFORMING	

Questions to cons	ider		Evidence / comments
	nformation obtained du	re been identified where an internal ring the course of	There have been no instances where an auditor has used information obtained during the course of duties for personal gain.
CONFORMS ✓	PARTIAL	NOT CONFORMING	
disclosed, could di	itors disclosed all mater stort their reports or cor o any confidentiality ag		See declaration of interest.
CONFORMS ✓	PARTIAL	NOT CONFORMING	
relating to a propo		airment of independence or objectivity engagement, was this disclosed to the was	The council's Internal Audit Team do not undertake any consultancy work.
CONFORMS N/A	PARTIAL N/A	NOT CONFORMING N/A	
Where there have been significant additional consulting services agreed during the year that were not already included in the audit plan, was approval sought from the board before the engagement was accepted?			The council's Internal Audit Team does not undertake any consultancy work. However the IAAM (CAE) has been providing cover for the CAE role at Lancaster City Council since May 2017. This is currently on a 12 month rolling contract which amounts to approximately 55 days per year.
CONFORMS N/A	PARTIA N/A	NOT CONFORMING N/A	
5.3 1200 Proficie	ncy and Due Professio	onal Care	
due professional c	~ ~	ments are performed with proficiency and e skills and qualifications of the CAE and pability in practice.	
1210 Proficiency			
Does the CAE hold	a professional qualifica	tion, such as CMIIA/CCAB or equivalent?	The IAAM (CAE) is a fully Certified Chartered Auditor (CIA). She also holds a Qualification in Internal Audit Leadership (QIAL).

Is the CAE suitably	experienced?		The IAAM (CAE) has 20 years' experience in internal audit including County Council, 2 District Councils, experience in auditing the Police and Fire Authority, schools and residential establishments.	
CONFORMS ✓	PARTIAL	NOT CONFORMING		
	ble for recruiting appropr on's human resources pr	riate internal audit staff, in accordance ocesses?	Recruitment and selection is undertaken in accordance with HR policies and practices.	
responsibilities and		criptions exist that reflect roles and ons define the required qualifications, al attributes?	Last updated in 2019 as part of the JE review.	
CONFORMS ✓	PARTIAL	NOT CONFORMING		
matters, does the i	nternal audit activity coll	questions in this section and other ectively possess or obtain the skills, ed to perform its responsibilities?	The IAAM will ensure audit staff have the relevant qualifications and experience to ensure they can carry out their responsibilities.	
Where the internal audit activity does not possess the skills, knowledge and other competencies required to perform its responsibilities, does the CAE obtain competent advice and assistance?			The IAAM (CAE) and Principal Auditor have the necessary qualifications and skill set to carry out any audit work. However, if a piece of work was to be carried out that would require a specialist auditor skill set, an external audit organisation would be contacted.	
CONFORMS ✓	PARTIAL	NOT CONFORMING		

Questions to consider			Evidence / comments
Do internal auditors have sufficie fraud arrangements in theorgan	-	te the risk of fraud and anti-	The use of TIS online and CIPFA control matrices help assist in evaluating the risk of fraud. The knowledge and expertise of the in-house Corporate
CONFORMS ✓	PARTIAL	NOT CONFORMING	Enquiry Team is available if required.
			The IAAM has attended an external course in respect of conducting internal investigations.
Do internal auditors have sufficie risks and controls?	nt knowledge of key info	ormation technology	The council can use the expertise of Lancashire County Council auditors where appropriate.
CONFORMS ✓	PARTIAL	NOT CONFORMING	
Do internal auditors have sufficient knowledge of the appropriate computer-assisted audit techniques that are available to them to perform their work, including data analysis techniques?			Although the Internal Audit function do not have any CAAT software, arrangements are in place to utilise Lancashire County CAAT software if the need arises. In addition, in-house training and development has been undertaken to ensure that staff have sufficient competence in using available technology, e.g. Excel to assist in conducting their audits -
CONFORMS ✓	PARTIAL	NOT CONFORMING	house training
1220 Due Professional Care			
Do internal auditors exercise du	e professional care by c	onsidering the:	The Principal Auditor will discuss and agree the scope, objectives and
Extent of work needed to achie	eve the engagement's ob	ojectives?	risks at the start of each audit with the client.
Relative complexity, materiality or significance of matters to which assurance procedures are applied?			The audit plan considers time, cost, complexity and the assurances it requires from each audit.
Adequacy and effectiveness of processes?	of governance, risk mana	gement and control	Guidance, information and advice is available to the auditor when
Probability of significant erro	rs, fraud, or non-compli	ance?	designing tests to ensure adequacy and effectiveness of governance, risk
Cost of assurance in relation to	potential benefits?		management and control.
In doing the above, internal aud audit and other data analysis ted		.	CIPFA risk matrices and the TIS online subscription are frequently used to ensure all risk areas are considered and subsequent controls have been identified. Audit staff have access to several CIPFA publications which
CONFORMS ✓	PARTIAL	NOT CONFORMING	assist with the consideration of audit, governance and risk. Namely; CIPFA – Delivering Good Governance in Local Government; and the PSIAS – Local Government; Application Note for the UK Public Sector.

			At the start of the audit, the auditor will have an initial meeting with the auditee to discuss potential risks. If any further risks, fraud etc. are highlighted during the audit, the scope would be amended to include the work required. The auditor will also be alert to any non-compliance issues raised by officers.
			All work is risk based. If additional work is required, the Principal Auditor will agree this with IAAM (CAE) subject to a cost/benefit analysis being undertaken.
			Consideration will be given to what methods of data analysis / techniques should / could be used at the start of each audit to obtain the necessary assurances.
Do internal auditors exercise due considering the:	professional care during	g a consulting engagement by	There are no such engagements undertaken presently.
Needs and expectations of clie of engagement results?	ents, including the natur	e, timing and communication	
Relative complexity and extent objectives?	of work needed to achie	eve the engagement's	
Cost of the consulting engage	ment in relation to pote	ntial benefits?	
CONFORMS N/A	PARTIAL N/A	NOT CONFORMING N/A	
1230 Continuing Professional I	Development		
Has the CAE defined the skills and	d competencies for each	level of auditor?	The council establishment has one level of auditor at Grade 4 with the support of IAAM (CAE). A further resource (up to 50 days) was outsourced to Lancashire County Council in 2019/20 to assist with the delivery of the audit plan.
			Each audit report is reviewed by the IAAM (CAE) to ensure the audit has been conducted in accordance with professional standards and requirements of any auditing publications.
Does the CAE periodically assess is skills and competencies?	individual auditors agair	st the predetermined	The skills and competencies of the Principal Auditor are annually reviewed as part of the council's performance appraisal scheme. It is

	CONFORMS ✓	NOT CONFORMING	performance appraisals where their skills and competencies are assessed.
			performance appraisals where their skills and competencies are assessed.

Questions to consid	der		Evidence / comments	
development? And		of continuing professional ir professional development and	Both the IAAM (CAE) and the Principal Auditor undertake CPD in accordance with their professional qualification requirements. HR maintains a list of all courses that have been attended by Audit staff	
training activities?	1			
CONFORMS ✓	PARTIAL	NOT CONFORMING		
5.4 1300 Quality A	Assurance and Improve	ment Programme		
maintained a Quali	•	that the CAE has developed and rement Programme (QAIP) through which operly assessed.		
Has the CAE developed a QAIP that covers all aspects of the internal audit activity and enables conformance with all aspects of the PSIAS to be evaluated? Does the QAIP assess the efficiency and effectiveness of the internal audit activity and identify opportunities for improvement? Does the CAE maintain the QAIP? Are any statutory requirements for review of the internal audit activity satisfied?			 The QAIP includes both internal; and external assessments. The internal assessments include: An annual self-assessment of the effectiveness of the audit service using the PSIAS; Feedback on the Head of Governance (CAE) is sought annually prior to their performance appraisal; 6 monthly monitoring of the internal audit activity to the Audit Committee; and Day-to-day monitoring of compliance with the Definition of Internal Auditing and the Code of Ethics documented within the Sections Audit Charter and also in the PSIAS. 	
CONFORMS ✓	PARTIAL	NOT CONFORMING	 External assessments include: A 5 yearly independent assessment of compliance to the PSIAS; Annual review of the council's Annual Governance Statement as part of the Financial Accounts audit; Regular attendance at the Audit Committee with the opportunity to meet in private with the Committee; and 	

			External Auditors and Audit Committee Members reviewing and challenging internal audit reports. All aspects of the programme are routinely monitored. The review is conducted by IAAM (CAE) and scrutinised by the Financial Services Manager (S151 Officer).
1310 Requirements	of the Quality Assurance	and Improvement Programme	
Does the QAIP inclu	de both internal and ext	ernal assessments?	A self-assessment is performed annually. In addition, an external review
CONFORMS 🗸	PARTIAL	NOT CONFORMING	of the effectiveness of the internal audit function is carried out every 5 years, in accordance with the requirements of the PISIAS. Lancaster's review took place in March 2018. The next peer review will take place in February 2023.
			The External Auditor will also review the work of the internal audit service as part of the work they complete in respect of the ISA 260 – Report to those charged with Governance.
1311 Internal Assess	sments		
Does the CAE ensure that audit work is allocated to staff with the appropriate skills, experience and competence?			Whilst this is limited due to the size of the audit team, Lancashire County Council or another external resources would be bought in if required.
CONFORMS ✓	PARTIAL	NOT CONFORMING	
as:		nitoring of the internal audit activity, such	All audit work is subject to a full review before the report is published. This includes a full review of working papers, evidence found, testing completed and validity of recommendations.
. ,	monitoring processes?		An annual review using the checklist within the Local Government
		ormance with the PSIAS?	Application Note is undertaken. This is subject to an external assessment every 5 years.
CONFORMS ✓	PARTIAL	NOT CONFORMING	An annual review using the checklist within the Local Government Application Note is undertaken. This is subject to an external assessment every 5 years.
			Lancaster's review took place in March 2018 with the next review due in February 2023.

Questions to consider		Evidence / comments	
Does ongoing performance monitorin effective use of performance targets?		The Principal Auditor is set targets / objectives annually as part of the performance appraisal scheme. Performance against these targets/objectives is monitored regularly.	
Is there a set of comprehensive tar significant internal audit activities	~	n encompass all	The audit plan is monitored day-to-day and the Audit Committee
 Are the performance targets dev and included in any service level a 	•	vith appropriate parties	receives six monthly updates on completion of the audit plan.
Does the CAE measure, monitor ar	nd report on progress aga	inst these targets?	Reporting timescales are published in the Audit Charter.
Does ongoing performance monit feedback?	oring include obtaining s	stakeholder	In addition, ad-hoc benchmarking is conducted with the other Lancashire Internal Audit services. The use of external providers (Lancashire County Council / Wyre Council) also assists with
CONFORMS ✓	PARTIAL	NOT CONFORMING	benchmarking the quality of internal audit reports.
			Agreed performance targets would be documented in service level agreements if applicable.
			An email requesting feedback on how the audit was conducted, whether it met expectations, and whether it was of value etc is sent to the client at the end of each audit review. Any areas of concern are followed up by the IAAM (CAE).
Are the periodic self-assessments or		• • •	The periodic self-assessment is undertaken by the IAAM (CAE) and reviewed by the Financial Services Manager (Section 151 Officer).
internal audit activity undertaken by practices?	those with a sufficient	knowledge of internal audit	In order to comply with PSIAS and the Local Government Application
Sufficiency would require knowledge of the PSIAS and the wider guidance available such as the Local Government Application Note and/or IIA practice advisories, etc.			Note; an external assessment must be carried out once every 5 years. Lancaster's assessment took place in March 2018. The next review is due to be completed in February 2023.
CONFORMS ✓	PARTIAL	NOT CONFORMING	
Does the periodic assessment include a review of the activity against the risk-based plan and the achievement of its aims and objectives?			Previous peer reviews used the checklist recommended in CIPFA's Code of Practice. The assessment also included a review of the annual internal audit report which documents the achievement of the audit plan and its wider aims and objectives documented in the Audit Charter.
CONFORMS ✓	PARTIAL	NOT CONFORMING	and objectives desamented in the Addit Charter

1312 External Assessments			
Has an external assessment been carried out, or is one planned to be carried out, at least once every five years?			The last external assessment was completed in March 2018 and the next one is scheduled for February 2023.
Has the CAE discussed the alternative approaches to external assessment with the board? This should reflect the relative costs of the different approaches, the potential advantages of an external viewpoint, and whether there are factors which might be considered to warrant a demonstrably independent assessment.			The proposal from the Lancashire District Chief Auditors group which has been agreed by Audit Committee is to continue with the self-assessment and use peer reviews to obtain the independent external validation. The annual self-assessment is carried out by IAAM (CAE), scrutinised by the Financial Services Manager (Section 151 Officer) and presented to the Audit Committee. Lancaster's first external assessment was in March
CONFORMS ✓	PARTIAL NOT CONFORMING		2018. The External Auditor at the time (KPMG) received the self-assessment as part of the Audit Committee agenda and therefore had the opportunity to challenge the content.
			The Audit Committee agree that an external self-assessment will be carried out as above and presented to the Audit Committee and that every 5 years the review will be independently validated by a peer review. A memorandum of understanding (MoU) and templates are in place which will be used for all external assessments. The report template allows for the assessment team to state their qualifications and independence.

Questions to consider			Evidence / comments
Has the CAE properly discussed the qualifications and independence of the assessor or assessment team with the board? In doing this, the CAE should consider whether the assessor or assessment team has demonstrated its competence in both the professional practice of internal auditing and the external assessment process. Competence can be demonstrated through both experience and theoretical learning. Experience of similar organisations or sectors is more valuable than less relevant experience. In the case of an assessment team, not all members need to have all the competencies — it is the team as a whole that is qualified. If the capability of the assessor or assessment team is not immediately obvious, the CAE should document how they used professional judgement to decide whether this is sufficient to carry out the external assessment. If the assessor or assessment team has any real or apparent conflicts of interest with the organisation, this should be clearly explained to the board, and safeguards should be put in place to minimise the effect of this on the conduct of the external assessment. Conflict of interest may include, but is not limited to, being a part of or under the control of the organisation to which the internal audit activity belongs.			The qualifications and independence of the assessment team will be documented in the final report. The peer review team will ensure that that the assessment team do not have any real or apparent conflicts of interest with the organisation prior to the work commencing.
CONFORMS ✓	PARTIAL	NOT CONFORMING	
Has the CAE agreed the scope of the external assessment with an appropriate sponsor, such as the chair of the audit committee, the CFO or the chief executive? The CAE should also agree this scope with the external assessor or assessment team.			These requirements form the basis of the 'Memorandum of Understanding'.
CONFORMS ✓	PARTIAL	NOT CONFORMING	
1320 Reporting on the Quality Assurance and Improvement Programme			

Has the CAE reported the results of the QAIP	to senior management and the board?	The Internal Audit Annual Report reports the results of the QAIP to Audit Committee. The results of the internal assessment of the internal audit
Note that:		function are scrutinised by the Financial Services Manager (Section 151 Officer) and presented to the Audit Committee.
 the results of both external and periodic in upon completion the results of ongoing monitoring must it 		The internal assessment is reported to Audit Committee annually in May and any external assessments will be reported to the Audit Committee following the issue of any report.
the results must include the assessor's or the degree of the internal audit activity's	assessment team's evaluation with regards to conformance with the PSIAS.	Both the Internal Audit Annual Report and the Internal Audit Charter refer to the QAIP and its ongoing monitoring. Conformance with PSIAS is documented.
CONFORMS ✓ PARTIAL	NOT CONFORMING	

Questions to consider		Evidence / comments	
Has the CAE included the results of the QAIP and progress against any improvement plans in the annual report?			The QAIP is reported in the annual report. No gaps have been highlighted following the assessment of the internal audit service that need reporting in the internal audit annual report or the Annual Governance Statement for 2020/21.
CONFORMS ✓	PARTIAL	NOT CONFORMING	Governance statement for 2020/21.
1321 Use of 'Conforms with the Inte of Internal Auditing'	ernational Standards fo	r the Professional Practice	
Has the CAE stated that the internal audit activity conforms with the PSIAS only if the results of the QAIP support this?			The self-assessment is reviewed by the Financial Services Manager (Section 151 Officer) and reported to the Audit Committee.
CONFORMS ✓	PARTIAL	NOT CONFORMING	
1322 Disclosure of Non-conformanc	e		
Has the CAE reported any instances of non-conformance with the PSIAS to the board?			There are no instances of non-conformance with the PSIAS.
CONFORMS N/A	PARTIAL N/A	NOT CONFORMING N/A	
If appropriate, has the CAE considered including any significant deviations from the PSIAS in the governance statement and has this been evidenced?			There are no significant deviations that require reporting in the AGS.
CONFORMS N/A	PARTIAL N/A	NOT CONFORMING N/A	

Questions to consider	Evidence / comments
6 Performance Standards	
6.1 2000 Managing the Internal Audit Activity	
The questions in this section seek to confirm that the internal audit activity's work achieves the purposes and responsibility of the activity, as set out in the internal audit charter, and that the internal audit activity adds value to the organisation and its stakeholders by:	

providing objective and relevan	it assurance		
contributing to the effectiveness	, .		
management and internal cont	rol processes.		
2010 Planning			
Has the CAE determined the priorit	ies of the internal audit a	activity in a risk-based	The audit plan is formulated following discussions with Senior
plan and are these priorities consis	tent with the		Managers, consideration of the Council's corporate plan and ambitions.
organisation's goals?			The audit plan is formulated taking into consideration the areas on
Does the risk-based plan take into a	ccount the requirement t	to produce	which the IAAM (CAE) is required to provide assurance in the annual
an annual internal audit opinion?			audit report.
Does the risk-based plan incorporate	e or is it linked to a strate	The audit plan considers the council's stratregic risk registers, business plan, priority projects / objectives and also any emerging threats, opportunities for fraud etc.	
high-level statement of:			Documented in the Audit Charter / Code of Ethics.
How the internal audit service wi	ill be delivered?		Development of the Internal Audit Service will be identified as part of
How the internal audit service wi	ill be developed in accord	dance with	this self-assessment and also at the 5 year external assessment.
the internal audit charter?		Progress on meeting these improvements is monitored through the	
How the internal audit service li	nks to organisational ob	performance appraisal system.	
priorities?		The audit plan is formulated after reviewing the council's business plan	
CONFORMS ✓	PARTIAL	NOT CONFORMING	which lists the key objectives and actions for the organisation as a whole.

Questions to consider		Evidence / comments	
Does the risk-based plan set out how internal audit's work will identify and address local and national issues and risks? In developing the risk-based plan, has the CAE taken into account the organisation's risk management framework and relative risk maturity of the organisation? If such a risk management framework does not exist, has the CAE used their judgement of risks after input from senior management and the board and evidenced this? N/A			 Local and national risks are identified through the following; Strategic risk discussions Networking and attendance at group auditor meetings; Meetings with the External Auditor; and Reading and research. The Audit Committee are given the opportunity to comment on the work in the plan and discuss emerging risks either locally or nationally.
CONFORMS ✓	PARTIAL NOT CONFORMING		The audit brief for each audit will identify and address individual risks, be it locally or nationally. The brief for each audit are published on the council's intranet. Both strategic and operational risks are considered when developing the audit plan.
Does the risk-based plan set out the: Audit work to be carried out? Respective priorities of those pieces of audit work? Estimated resources needed for the work?			The audit plan lists the nature of the audit work. The plan itself does not list the priority of the work to be completed. However at the start of the year the audits will be prioritised and a start date will be agreed between the IAAM (CAE), Principal Auditor and the Service Manager.
Does the risk-based plan differentiate between audit and other types of work? Is the risk-based plan sufficiently flexible to reflect the changing risks and priorities of the organisation?			
CONFORMS ✓	PARTIAL	NOT CONFORMING	A contingency / investigation resource is set aside. The plan is regularly monitored and flexed if required.
Does the CAE review the plan on a regular basis and has he or she adjusted the plan when necessary in response to changes in the organisation's business, risks, operations, programmes, systems and controls?			The plan is flexible. If any new risks emerge during the year or new systems are implemented the contingency will be used initially. If this resource has already been used it may be that some work on the audit plan may slip to the following year. Any changes or deviation from the audit plan will be reported to the audit committee.
CONFORMS ✓	PARTIAL	NOT CONFORMING	
Is the internal audit activity's plan of engagements based on a documented risk assessment?			The process that is undertaken to formulate the audit plan is an annual risk assessment.

Is the risk assessment used to develop the plan of engagements undertaken at least annually?			The risk assessment is completed annually and reviewed half yearly.
CONFORMS ✓	PARTIAL	NOT CONFORMING	
In developing the risk-based plan, has the CAE also given sufficient consideration to:			Audit staff complete an annual declaration of interest. There have been no conflicts of interest recorded in 2020/21.
 Any declarations of interest (for the avoidance for conflicts of interest)? The requirement to use specialists, e.g. IT or contract and procurement 			The Principal Auditor has the necessary qualifications and skill set to carry out any audit. However if a piece of work was to be carried out that would require a specialist auditor skill set, an external audit organisation would be contacted.
auditors?		, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , ,	A contingency / investigation resource is set aside.
Allowing contingency time to undertake ad hoc reviews or fraud investigations as necessary?			Time to plan each audit is factored into the number of days allocated for each piece of work. Attendance at Audit Committee, development of the annual report and other IAAM (CAE) activities is listed separately
■ The time required to carry out the audit planning process effectively as well as regular reporting to and attendance of the board, the development of the annual report and the CAE opinion?			on the audit plan.
CONFORMS ✓ PARTIAL NOT CONFORMING			

Questions to consider			Evidence / comments
the board to obtain an und	ed plan, has the CAE consult derstanding of the organisat and risk management proc	Senior Management input is requested when drafting the audit plan. It is then submitted to the Audit Committee and which point their input is also requested.	
Does the CAE identify and	consider the expectations o	The annual audit report is scrutinised by the Financial Services Manager (Section 151 Officer) and is also presented to the Audit Committee for consideration. The document would be amended accordingly, recognising comments made, recommendations, changes etc. In regard to audit report opinions, the overall opinions are based on the	
CONFORMS ✓	PARTIAL	NOT CONFORMING	findings of each audit, which are graded using a set framework. Auditees can challenge the audit opinion and provide reasons in support of why they think the opinion should be changed. This will be done at the draft stage of the reporting process.
Does the CAE take into consideration any proposed consulting engagement's potential to improve the management of risks, to add value and to improve the organisation's operations before accepting them? Are consulting engagements that have been accepted included in the risk-based plan?			It is hoped that shared good practice will take place between the two organisations (Lancaster and Wyre) in relation to risk management, internal control and information governance. The risk based plan has been amended to make provision for the days that Lancashire County Council will spend on site at Lancaster City Council.
CONFORMS ✓	PARTIAL	NOT CONFORMING	
2020 Communication and	l Approval	·	
	the internal audit activity's per board for review and appro	plans and resource requirements to val?	Members of the Executive Team and Senior Managers are involved in the production of the annual audit plan. The draft audit plan is submitted to the Audit Committee in Feb / March for approval.
Has the CAE communicated any significant interim changes to the plan and/or resource requirements to senior management and the board for review and approval, where such changes have arisen?			A six monthly update is provided for the Audit Committee which includes any deviations from the audit plan.
CONFORMS ✓	PARTIAL	NOT CONFORMING	
Has the CAE communicated the impact of any resource limitations to senior management and the board?			Resource limitations would be reported to Executive Team and the Audit Committee where appropriate as part of the update report.

CONFORMS ✓	PARTIAL	NOT CONFORMING	
2030 Resource Management			
Does the risk-based plan explain how internal audit's resource requirements have been assessed?			The internal audit resource requirements are documented in the Audit Charter. The Audit Committee are only presented with the audit plan
CONFORMS ✓	PARTIAL	NOT CONFORMING	showing the total number of audit days committed. They are aware of the size of the audit section and have the opportunity to challenge the plan if they feel there is insufficient coverage.
			The External Auditors have not indicated they are uncomfortable with the internal audit resources available.
Has the CAE planned the deploymengagements, in conjunction with being audited, subject to the requ	n management to minimi	The Auditor will agree the timing of engagements with relevant Service Managers to ensure that it is convenient prior to the start of each audit.	
CONFORMS ✓ PARTIAL NOT CONFORMING			

Questions to consid	ler		Evidence / comments
If the CAE believes that the level of agreed resources will impact adversely on the provision of the internal audit opinion, has he or she brought these consequences to the attention of the board? This may include an imbalance between the work plan and resource availability and/or other significant matters that jeopardise the delivery of the plan or require it to be changed.			There is an opportunity for the IAAM (CAE) to comment on sufficiency of resources where appropriate; although it is considered that the resource available is currently enough to deliver the audit plan. The team is small; however, this is supported by the SLA with Wyre Council and the use of Lancashire County Council to provide further days if required.
CONFORMS ✓	PARTIAL	NOT CONFORMING	
2040 Policies and I	Procedures		
Has the CAE developed and put into place policies and procedures to guide the internal audit activity? Examples include maintaining an audit manual and/or using electronic management systems to guide staff in performing their duties in a manner that conforms to the PSIAS Are the policies and procedures regularly reviewed and updated to reflect changes in working practices and standards?			Standardised working papers and a reporting format has been developed. The council's intranet is used to store key documents that guide audit activity i.e. Audit Charter / Code of Ethics, Risk Management Policy and other CIPFA guidance. The Principal Auditor has been issued with the PSIAS and CIPFA's Application Note. Internal audit policies and procedures are reviewed annually to ensure conformity to PSIAS.
CONFORMS ✓	PARTIAL	NOT CONFORMING	
2050 Coordination			
	•	ately developed approach to using other be required to place reliance upon those	Other streams of assurance such as external inspections are considered, e.g. RIPA, Taxi Licencing, Food Safety and Local Government Ombudsman.
internal and externa	I providers of assurance accemapping exercise, or	and coordinate activities with other and consulting services. They may also make use of assurance mapping carried	Basic assurance mapping has been carried out by the Principal Auditor to identify sources of assurance which is documented on a spreadsheet and regularly updated. Regular meetings are held with External Audit to update them on the work currently being carried out by internal audit.

They should also meet regularly with the nominated external audit representative to consult on and coordinate their respective audit plans.			Both internal and external audit plans are shared and communicated publicly at Audit Committee.
Where key organisational risks relate to work undertaken through partnerships, the auditor may be able to take assurance from work undertaken by others, or by obtaining assurance directly.			Regular meetings are held with the External Auditor and the Financial Services Manager (S151 Officer) to discuss the progress made in implementing the audit plan.
CONFORMS ✓	PARTIAL	NOT CONFORMING	

Questions to consider			Evidence / comments
2060 Reporting to Senior Management and the Board			
Does the CAE report periodically to senior management and the board on the internal audit activity's purpose, authority, responsibility and performance relative to its plan? Does the periodic reporting also include significant risk exposures and control issues, including fraud risks, governance issues and other matters needed or requested by senior management and the board? Is the frequency and content of such reporting determined in discussion with senior management and the board and are they dependent on the importance of the information to be communicated and the urgency of the related actions to be taken by senior management or the board? CONFORMS ✓ PARTIAL NOT CONFORMING		responsibility and performance nificant risk exposures and nice issues and other matters and the board? Ing determined in discussion with they dependent on the nicated and the urgency of the ement or the board?	The IAAM (CAE) will update the Financial Services Manager (Section 151 Officer) on a regular basis. Six monthly audit and risk management update reports are submitted to the Audit Committee. The Audit Chairman and the External Auditor will receive verbal updates on any frauds / whistleblowing cases. The Audit Committee receives internal audit's Audit Charter / Code of Ethics annually which covers its purpose, authority and responsibility. Significant risk exposures are currently being documented via the strategic risk registers. Governance issues are considered along with the annual agreement of the AGS. Gifts and hospitality registers are also reviewed by Audit Committee and the Monitoring Officer. An agreed work programme is in place documenting when reports are submitted to Audit Committee. Where actions are considered to be important or urgent, more regular update reports are requested by Audit Committee and the relevant officer is invited to attend committee.
2070 External Servi Internal Auditing	ice Provider and Organ	nisational Responsibility for	
Where an external internal audit service provider acts as the internal audit activity, does that provider ensure that the organisation is aware that the responsibility for maintaining and effective internal audit activity remains with the organisation?			This would be documented in any service level agreement.
CONFORMS ✓	PARTIAL	NOT CONFORMING	

6.2 2100 Nature of	JI WOIK		
The questions in this section seek to confirm that the internal audit activity evaluates and contributes to the improvement of the organisation's governance, risk management and internal control processes using a systematic and disciplined approach.			
2110 Governance	е		
Does the internal audit activity assess and make appropriate recommendations to improve the organisation's governance processes for: Making strategic and operational decisions?			The audit plan is formulated to ensure it contributes to the improvement of the organisation's governance, risk management an internal control processes. Audit reviews will cover the governance a the key risks of the service as well as the key controls.
 Overseeing risk management and control? Promoting appropriate ethics and values within the organisation? Ensuring effective organisational performance management and 			An ethical governance survey was conducted in 2018 to promote positive behaviours and values and identify gaps in knowledge and understanding. An equivalent survey for members was due to be issue early in 2020/21 but has been delayed by the pandemic.
 accountability? Communicating risk and control information to appropriate areas of the organisation? Coordinating the activities of and communicating information among the 			Managers are held accountable for actions in audit reports and finding from previous audit reports are followed up by the audit team. Performance management is scheduled in the audit plan biennially. Audit reports are issued to the staff responsible for the area being audited.
board, externa	l and internal auditor	s and management?	The Audit Committee and the Executive Team receive regular update on risk management.
CONFORMS ✓ PARTIAL		NOT CONFORMING	A governance assurance meeting is carried out prior to the completic of the Annual Governance Statement. This is attended by key officers the council. However it should be noted that owing to the COVID-19 pandemic, alternative methods will be used to pull together the AGS for 2019/20.
			All audit reports are issued to clients and published on the Intranet a available for all staff / members to view.
			External Auditor communication is presented to Audit Committee.
			Regular updates are presented to council on the work of Audit Committee.
			Governance issues will be reviewed as part of the audit as are risk management, health and safety and performance management.

Questions to cons	ider		Evidence / comments
Has the internal audit activity evaluated the design, implementation and effectiveness of the organisation's ethics-related objectives, programmes and activities? This is an area where the CAE may be able to use other sources of assurance.			The ethical governance survey completed in 2018 tested knowledge and understanding of key policies and procedures and helped identif any gaps allowing targeted future training.
CONFORMS ✓	PARTIAL	NOT CONFORMING	
Has the internal audit activity assessed whether the organisation's information technology governance supports the organisation's strategies and objectives? This is an area where the CAE may be able to use other sources of assurance.			There is a set number of days in the audit plan to cover IT governance is required.
CONFORMS ✓	PARTIAL	NOT CONFORMING	
2120 Risk Manag	ement		
	udit activity evaluated processes by determi	I the effectiveness of the organisation's ning that:	Documented in the Council Plan – However these have bit been evaluated by Internal Audit.
 Organisational objectives support and align with the organisation's mission? Significant risks are identified and assessed? Appropriate risk responses are selected that align risks with the organisation's risk appetite? Relevant risk information is captured and communicated in a timely manner across the organisation, thus enabling the staff, management and the board to carry out their responsibilities? 			The Council's Corporate Plan has been used to identify and assess significant strategic risks. The council is in the process of pulling together mitigating action plans. However operational risks have yet to be documented. The Council has recently approved its Risk Management Policy and purchases risk Management software (GRACE). Risk Management has been identified in both the Internal Audit Annua Report and the 2019/20 AGS of an area requiring attention, therefore no specific actions have been documented here.
CONFORMS	PARTIAL ✓ NOT CONFORMING		no specific actions have been documented here.
Has the internal audit activity evaluated the risks relating to the organisation's governance, operations and information systems regarding the:			The audit plan has identified a number of pieces of work which will involve evaluating the risks of key strategic projects.
Achievement of the organisation's strategic objectives?Reliability and integrity of financial and operational information?			Financial and operational information is tested for reliability and integrity as part of individual audits. If assurance work has been completed, the effectiveness and efficiency will be reported on accordingly in final report and in the annual audit

 Effectiveness and efficiency of operations and programmes? Safeguarding of assets? Compliance with laws, regulations, policies, procedures and contracts? 			report. The safeguarding of council assets is considered as part of individual audits. Compliance with law, regulations, polices and procedures is considered as part of each audit.
CONFORMS ✓	PARTIAL	NOT CONFORMING	
Has the internal audit activity evaluated the potential for fraud and also how the organisation itself manages fraud risk? CIPFA has issued a <i>Code of Practice on Managing the Risk of Fraud and Corruption,</i> and strongly recommends that it is used as the basis for assessment of how an authority manages its fraud risk. CONFORMS ✓ PARTIAL NOT CONFORMING		naging the Risk of Fraud and Corruption, sthe basis for assessment of how an	The council takes part in the NFI process. The IAAM (CAE) regularly tests compliance to the council's counter fraud polices. Information concerning potential fraudulent activity is shared (National reports and Lancashire Audit Group). The Corporate Enquiry Team will focus on investigating corporate fraud including fraudulent claims for council tax support, falsely claimed council tax and business rate discounts and exemptions and council tax and business rate avoidance.

Questions to consid	ler		Evidence / comments
Do internal auditors address risk during consulting engagements consistently with the objectives of the engagement? Are internal auditors alert to other significant risks when undertaking consulting engagements? Do internal auditors incorporate knowledge of risks gained from consulting engagements into their evaluation of the organisation's risk management processes?			There are no such engagements undertaken presently.
CONFORMS N/A	PARTIAL N/A	NOT CONFORMING N/A	
would in effect lead	to taking on managemer	nging risks themselves, which not responsibility, when assisting sk management processes?	The Internal Audit Team facilitate the audit process, identify risk areas and make recommendations to mitigate risks etc within audit reports. Appropriate officers will be made responsible for ensuring that's risks identified are managed during the year.
CONFORMS ✓	PARTIAL	NOT CONFORMING	
2130 Control	,		
	·	adequacy and effectiveness of erations and information systems	These areas are covered as part of the audit planning process. Audits of key financial systems are conducted every 2/3 years unless there are any major changes to controls.
Achievement of t	he organisation's strategi	c objectives?	Strategic objectives / projects are risk managed at Service Manager level.
	tegrity of financial and o	perational information? s and programmes?	Feedback from the Insurance Officer is used to evaluate adequacy of the safeguarding of council assets.
 Safeguarding of assets? Compliance with laws, regulations, policies, procedures and contracts? 			Compliance with laws, regulation, policies, procedures and contracts are considered in each audit review.
CONFORMS ✓	PARTIAL	NOT CONFORMING	
Do internal auditors utilise knowledge of controls gained during consulting engagements when evaluating the organisation's control processes?			There are no such engagements undertaken presently.
CONFORMS N/A	PARTIAL N/A	NOT CONFORMING N/A	

6.3 2200 Engagement Planning			
Do internal auditors develop and document a plan for each engagement?			An audit brief is developed and agreed for each audit review. Each of these criteria are documented in the audit brief.
Does the engageme	nt plan include the enga	gements:	
■ Objectives?			
■ Scope?			
■ Timing?			
Resource allocations?			
CONFORMS ✓	PARTIAL	NOT CONFORMING	

Questions to consider			Evidence / comments
Do internal auditors consider the following in planning an engagement, and is this documented:			Each of these criteria are either documented in the audit brief or the lead schedules.
■ The objectives of	the activity being review	ed?	
_	nich the activity controls		
·	sks to the activity being	·	
■ The activity's res	, -		
■ The activity's ope	erations?		
The means by wh	nich the potential impact	t of risk is kept to an acceptable	
		ivity's governance, risk management vant framework or model?	
	es for making significant management and contro	improvements to the activity's ol processes?	
CONFORMS ✓	PARTIAL	NOT CONFORMING	
Where an engagement plan has been drawn up for an audit to a party outside of the organisation, have the internal auditors established a written understanding with that party about the following: Objectives? Scope?			There are no audits performed for parties outside of the organsiation.
■ The respective responsibilities and other expectations of the internal auditors and the outside party (including restrictions on distribution of the results of the engagement and access to engagement records)?			
CONFORMS N/A	PARTIAL N/A	NOT CONFORMING N/A	

For consulting engagements, have internal auditors established an understanding with the engagement clients about the following:

Objectives?

Scope?

The respective responsibilities of the internal auditors and the client and other client expectations?

For significant consulting engagements, has this understanding been documented?

CONFORMS N/A PARTIAL N/A NOT CONFORMING N/A

Questions to consid	ler		Evidence / comments
2210 Engagement	Objectives		
Have objectives beer	n agreed for each engage	ment?	Documented in the audit brief.
Have internal auditors carried out a preliminary risk assessment of the activity under review?			This is completed whilst formulating the audit brief. Auditors will review previous audits, risk registers and other intelligence before undertaking each review. Risk profiles may also be used to assist in
Do the engagement	objectives reflect the res	sults of the preliminary risk	identifying further key risks.
assessment that has	s been carried out?		The audit brief document identifies the core risk and the objective.
Have internal auditor		ility of the following when developing	The preliminary risk assessment will ensure each of these are covered.
■ Significant errors	5?		
Fraud?			
■ Non-compliance?			
Any other risks?			
CONFORMS ✓	PARTIAL	NOT CONFORMING	
Have internal auditors ascertained whether management and/or the board have established adequate criteria to evaluate and determine whether organisational objectives and goals have been accomplished? If the criteria has been deemed adequate, have the internal auditors used the criteria in their evaluation of governance, risk management and controls?			The audit briefs are shared with Audit Committee members allowing such an evaluation to be undertaken when the audit report is published. A control matrix is used to evidence that all risks identified have been tested and that adequate controls are in place.
If the criteria has been deemed inadequate, have the internal auditors worked with management and/or the board to develop appropriate evaluation criteria?			There are no instances where the criteria have been deemed inadequate.
	•	rred to, has the use of all the considered, including money,	The 'value for money' aspect of any service / control is considered during each review. If there has been any work on VFM this will be documented within the report.

CONFORMS ✓	PARTIAL	NOT CONFORMING	
Do the objectives set for consulting engagements address governance, risk management and control processes as agreed with the client? Are the objectives set for consulting engagements consistent with the organisation's own values, strategies and objectives? CONFORMS PARTIAL NOT CONFORMING			The job description of the IAAM (CIA) sets out the requirement of the role; in particular around governance, risk management and internal control. In addition, the job description refers to compliance with the PSIAS which both organisations comply with.
2220 Engagemer	nt Scope		
Is the scope that is established for each engagement generally sufficient to satisfy the engagement's objectives?			Agreed at the start of the audit. If during the audit the scope has to be extended to ensure the objectives of the audit are met, this is agreed with the Head of Governance (CAE) as it is likely to have
Does the scope for	each engagement include	e consideration of relevant systems,	resource implications.
records, personnel and physical properties?			The audit brief document identifies the systems, records, premises and personnel the auditor will require assess to.
Does this consideration include areas under the control of outside parties, where appropriate?			Yes
CONFORMS ✓	PARTIAL	NOT CONFORMING	

Questions to consid	er		Evidence / comments
Where significant consulting opportunities have arisen during an assurance engagement, was a specific written understanding as to the objectives, scope, respective responsibilities and other expectations drawn up?			There have been no such consulting opportunities that have arisen during an assurance engagement.
engagement, were t		ave arisen during an assurance uent engagement communicated standards?	
CONFORMS N/A	PARTIAL N/A	NOT CONFORMING N/A	-
	engagement, was the sco any agreed-upon objec	ope of the engagement generally tives?	There are no such engagements undertaken presently.
If the internal auditors developed any reservations about the scope of a consulting engagement while undertaking that engagement, did they discuss those reservations with the client and therefore determine whether or not to continue with the engagement?			
	ngagements, did interna objectives of those engag	Il auditors address the controls that are gements?	
During consulting er control issues?	ngagements, were interr	nal auditors alert to any significant	
CONFORMS N/A	PARTIAL N/A	NOT CONFORMING N/A	
2230 Engagement	Resource Allocation		
Have internal auditors decided upon the appropriate and sufficient level of resources required to achieve the objectives of each engagement based on:			This is agreed when formulating the annual audit plan. The IAAM (CAE) is notified of any changes to the nature of the work, time constraints and resources available once the audit brief has been agreed.
a) The nature and complexity of the individual engagement?			
b) Any time constra	ints?		
c) The resources ava	ailable?		
CONFORMS ✓	PARTIAL	NOT CONFORMING	

2240 Engagement	Work Programme		
Have internal auditor engagement objectiv	•	ented work programmes that achieve the	The auditor will plan the work required to meet the objectives of the audit. Standard templates are in place for this purpose.
Do the engagement v	work programmes include	e procedures for:	
Identifying inform	nation?		The detailed analysis and testing schedules will document the objective, the information required, the testing completed, the
Analysing inform	ation?		finding and the overall conclusions and recommendations.
■ Evaluating inform	nation?		After the Audit Committee have approved the approval audit plan for
Documenting info	ormation?		After the Audit Committee have approved the annual audit plan for the forthcoming year, the Auditor will agree the work programme for each quarter with the IAAM.
Were work programm	mes approved prior to im	plementation for each engagement?	
Wereanyadjustmen	ts required to work progr	rammes approved promptly?	Occasionally, work programmes are adjusted to take into consideration urgent work or investigations.
CONFORMS ✓	PARTIAL	NOT CONFORMING	

Questions to consid	ler		Evidence / comments
6.4 2300 Performin	ng the Engagement		
The questions in this section seek to confirm that internal auditors analyse, evaluate and document sufficient, reliable, relevant and useful information to support engagement results and conclusions.			
2310 Identifying In	formation		
useful) information	which supports engager	ient, reliable, relevant and ment results and conclusions?	Checks are made during a full audit review by the IAAM (CAE) that the objectives of the audit have been achieved and that there is sufficient evidence to support any findings, conclusions and the overall opinion. Review notes are provided to the Auditor after each review if further
Sufficient information is factual, adequate and convincing so that a prudent, informed person would reach the same conclusions as the auditor. Reliable information is the best attainable information through the use of appropriate engagement techniques. Relevant information supports engagement observations and recommendations and is consistent with the objectives for the engagement. Useful information helps the organisation meet its goals.			work is required or certain areas require clarification. Review notes will show if further information is required to support findings or if evidence is not relevant or reliable.
CONFORMS ✓	PARTIAL	NOT CONFORMING	
2320 Analysis and	Evaluation		
	ors generally based their on appropriate analyses		Confirmed by the IAAM (CAE) for each audit performed by the Auditor.
CONFORMS ✓	PARTIAL	NOT CONFORMING	
Have internal auditors generally remained alert to the possibility of the following when performing their individual audits, and has this been documented:			The key risks around these areas are identified at the start of the audit. The Principal Auditor is experienced in the areas she is required to audit throughout the council and remains alert to any weaknesses /
Intentional wrongdoing?			control failings.
Errors and omiss	ions?		Documented in standardised working papers.
Poor value for mo	oney?		
Failure to comply	y with management poli	cy?	
■ Conflicts of intere	est?		

CONFORMS ✓	PARTIAL	NOT CONFORMING	
2330 Documenting I	nformation		
Have internal auditors documented the relevant information required to support engagement conclusions and results?			Standardised reports are used to document conclusions and findings along with a management action plan.
Are working papers sufficiently complete and detailed to enable another experienced internal auditor with no previous connection with the audit to ascertain what work was performed, to re-perform it if necessary and to support the conclusions reached?			A file review is conducted by the IAAM (CAE) to ensure working papers are referenced correctly and the file contains sufficient evidence to support any findings and the overall opinion.
CONFORMS ✓ PARTIAL NOT CONFORMING			

Questions to consid	ler		Evidence / comments
Does the CAE control access to engagement records? Has the CAE obtained the approval of senior management and/or legal counsel as appropriate before releasing such records to external parties?			Access rights are documented in the Audit Charter. The audit reports state that the working papers can be viewed on request. Audit files have not been released to external parties other than the council's External Auditor.
Has the CAE developengagement records	·	ention requirements for all types of	Information Asset Registers document the required retention periods for all audit records.
CONFORMS ✓	PARTIAL	NOT CONFORMING	
Are the retention requirements for engagement records consistent with the organisation's own guidelines as well as any relevant regulatory or other requirements?			Retention periods are consistent with organisational and regulatory guidelines. At present audit files are retained for 7 years (6 plus current) in accordance with the Government Classification Scheme.
2340 Engagement	Supervision		
	properly supervised to e	ensure that objectives are achieved, ed?	File reviews, feedback and performance appraisals are used to ensure that training or development issues are highlighted.
Is appropriate evider engagement?	nce of supervision docun	nented and retained for each	File reviews and performance appraisal documents are retained evidencing supervision.
CONFORMS ✓	PARTIAL	NOT CONFORMING	
6.5 2400 Communi	cating Results		
•	s section seek to confirm ements in an appropriate	that internal auditors communicate e way.	
2410 Criteria for Co	ommunicating		
Do the communicat	ions of engagement res	ults include the following:	Audit reports are issued as appropriate to Directors, Heads of
■ The engagement'	s objectives?		Service, key operational staff with the Audit Committee and the External Auditor reviewing all audit reports.
■ The scope of the engagement?			- '
Applicable conclu	usions?		A standardised report format is used ensuring that each of the criteria is communicated.
■ Recommendatio	ns and action plans, if ap	ppropriate?	
CONFORMS ✓	PARTIAL	NOT CONFORMING	

and confirm the agreed management actions?	mments factual accuracy, findings and agree actions.
CONFORMS ✓ PARTIAL NOT CONFORMING	
If recommendations and an action plan have been included, are recommendations prioritised according to risk? If recommendations and an action plan have been included, does the	Lancaster recommendations are given a priority risk rating of 1 to 3. Level 1 recommendations require immediate action and level 3 recommendations have no set timescales and include suggestions for improvements / efficiencies in service delivery.
communication also state agreements already reached with management together with appropriate timescales? If there are any areas of disagreement between the internal auditor and	Lancashire County Council recommendations are prioritised as Extreme, High, Medium or Low and appropriate timescales can be agreed with the auditor.
management, which cannot be resolved by discussion, are these recorded action plan and the residual risk highlighted?	for action.
CONFORMS ✓ PARTIAL NOT CONFORMING	The management response would only identify areas of disagreement where appropriate.

Questions to consid	er		Evidence / comments
Subject to confidentiality requirements and other limitations on reporting, do communications disclose all material facts known to them in their audit reports which, if not disclosed, could distort their reports or conceal unlawful practice? When an opinion or conclusion is issued, are the expectations of senior management, the board and other stakeholders taken into account? CONFORMS PARTIAL NOT CONFORMING Opinions should be supported by sufficient, reliable, relevant and useful information (in line with responses to questions for PSIAS 2300).			Evidence is disclosed in support of the audit conclusion subject to confidentiality requirements. The internal auditor's opinion and conclusions are clearly visible. Closure meetings are held with clients and audit reports are scrutinised by the Financial Services Manager (Section 151 Officer) and reported to the Audit Committee. Confirmed by the IAAM (CAE) who reviews all audit files.
1	do engagement communi activity in question? PARTIAL	ications acknowledge satisfactory NOT CONFORMING	Satisfactory performance would be reflected in the overall conclusion issued.
When engagement results have been released to parties outside of the organisation, does the communication include limitations on the distribution and use of the results?			The engagement results are not released to parties outside of the organisation other than the council's External Auditors.
Where the CAE has been required to provide assurance to other partnership organisations, or arm's length bodies such as trading companies, have the risks of doing so been managed effectively, having regard to the CAE's primary responsibility to the management of the organisation for which they are engaged to provide internal audit services?			Internal Audit have not been asked to provide assurance to any partnership organisations.
CONFORMS N/A	PARTIAL N/A	NOT CONFORMING N/A	
2420 Quality of Con	nmunications		
Are internal audit communications generally accurate, objective, clear, concise, constructive, complete and timely?			All documents are reviewed by the IAAM (CAE). Review notes are provided to correct any work that does not meet quality standards.
CONFORMS ✓	PARTIAL	NOT CONFORMING	Closure meetings are also used to agree factual accuracy of the report and findings. Feedback is used to ensure auditees are happy with how the audit

			was conducted. The client is provided with an opportunity to challenge whether they consider the report to be constructive as part of the closure meeting and again by attending Audit Committee if appropriate. The timeliness of reports is monitored and reported to Audit Committee.	
2421 Errors and O	missions			
If a final communication has contained a significant error or omission, did the CAE communicate the corrected information to all parties who received the original communication?			The closure meeting is designed to identify and resolve any significant errors or omissions; however the report would be reissued where necessary.	
CONFORMS ✓	PARTIAL	NOT CONFORMING		
1	cted in Conformance w cactice of Internal Audi	ith the International Standards for ting'		
Do internal auditors report that engagements are 'conducted in conformance with the PSIAS' only if the results of the QAIP support such a statement?			Reported as part of the Annual Internal Audit Report.	
CONFORMS ✓	PARTIAL	NOT CONFORMING		

Questions to consider			Evidence / comments
2431 Engagement Disclosure of Non-conformance			
Where any non-conformance with the PSIAS has impacted on a specific engagement, do the communication of the results disclose the following:			No specific engagements have been impacted on by non-compliance with the PSIAS.
	ule of conduct of the <i>Co</i> o	de of Ethics or Standard(s) eved?	
■ The reason(s) for	non-conformance?		
The impact of nor results?	n-conformance on the en	gagement and the engagement	
CONFORMS N/A	PARTIAL N/A	NOT CONFORMING N/A	
2440 Disseminatin	g Results		
	ined the circulation of a	audit reports within the yand legislative requirements?	Reporting arrangements are documented within the Audit Charter
CONFORMS ✓	PARTIAL	NOT CONFORMING	
Has the CAE commu	nicated engagement res	ults to all appropriate parties?	Audit reports are issued as appropriate to Directors, Heads of Service and key operational staff with the Audit Committee and the External Auditor receiving all audit reports. The Audit Working Papers also
CONFORMS ✓	PARTIAL	NOT CONFORMING	have a pre-populated distribution list.
Before releasing engagement results to parties outside the organisation, did the CAE:			Engagement results have not been released to parties outside the organisation other than the council's External Auditors.
Assess the potential risk to the organisation?			
Consult with senior management and/or legal counsel as appropriate?			
Control dissemination by restricting the use of the results?			
CONFORMS N/A	PARTIAL N/A	NOT CONFORMING N/A	_

Where any significant governance, risk management and control issues were			There are no such engagements undertaken presently.
identified during consulting engagements, were these communicated to senior			
management and th	ie board?		
CONFORMS N/A PARTIAL N/A NOT CONFORMING N/A			

Questions to consid	er		Evidence / comments
2450 Overall Opinio	on		
Has the CAE delivered an annual internal audit opinion?			Presented annually to the Audit Committee.
Does the annual internal audit opinion conclude on the overall adequacy and effectiveness of the organisation's framework of governance, risk management and control?			The annual audit report is scrutinised by the Financial Services Manager (Section 151 Officer) and presented to Audit Committee for consideration.
Does the annual internal audit opinion take into account the expectations of senior management, the board and other stakeholders?		•	See report presented to Audit Committee in July 2020
Is the annual internal audit opinion supported by sufficient, reliable, relevant and useful information (having regard to the answers to questions on PSIAS 2300)?			
CONFORMS ✓	PARTIAL	NOT CONFORMING	
Does the communication	ation identify the follow	ing:	All areas documented in the Annual Audit report.
 The scope of the opinion, including the time period to which the opinion relates? Any scope limitations? The consideration of all related projects including the reliance on other 			In providing an overall opinion on the council's system of internal control, it should be noted that assurance can never be absolute. Internal audit can only provide reasonable assurance that there are no major weaknesses in the areas reviewed.
assurance providers?The risk or control framework or other criteria used as a basis for the overall opinion?		eria used as a basis for the overall	Where a qualified or unfavourable opinion was given this would be fully explained in the annual audit report.
Where a qualified or unfavourable annual internal audit opinion is given, are the reasons for that opinion stated?			See annual governance statement and section entitled 'review of effectiveness'.
Has the CAE delivered an annual report that can be used by the		•	
organisation to infor	m its governance staten	nent?	
CONFORMS ✓	PARTIAL	NOT CONFORMING	

Does the annual report incorporate the following:			See annual audit report considered by the Audit Committee.
■ The annual internal audit opinion?			Internal review feedback forms are referred to along with a
A summary of the	work that supports the o	ppinion?	comparison of the work actually carried out compared to that
A disclosure of ar	ny qualifications to theo	pinion?	planned.
■ The reasons for a	ny qualifications to the	opinion?	
A disclosure of ar	ny impairments or restri	ction in scope?	
A comparison or v	work actually carried out	t with the work planned?	
A statement on c	onformance with the PS	IAS?	
■ The results of the	QAIP?		
■ Progress against	any improvement plans	resulting from the QAIP?	
A summary of the performance of the internal audit activity against its performance measures and targets?			
Any other issues that the CAE judges is relevant to the preparation of the governance statement?			
CONFORMS ✓	PARTIAL	NOT CONFORMING	

Questions to consid	ler		Evidence / comments
6.6 2500 Monitoring Progress			
monitor effectivene	ss of audit communication	n that a system is in place to ons results to up when no action is taken	
Has the CAE established a process to monitor and follow up management actions to ensure that agreed actions have been effectively implemented or that senior management have accepted the risk of not taking action?			
Where issues have arisen during the follow-up process (for example, where agreed actions have not been implemented), has the CAE considered revising the internal audit opinion?			Whilst no significant issues have arisen during 202021, up-to-date action plans would be provided with new actions required / dates etc. The audit opinion would be changed if necessary.
Do the results of mo		ctions inform the risk- based	If there has been little progress made in implementing
CONFORMS ✓	PARTIAL	NOT CONFORMING	recommendations, it is highly likely that the audit will feature on the next year's audit plan.
Does the internal au	•	results of consulting engagements	There are no such engagements undertaken presently.
CONFORMS N/A	PARTIAL N/A	NOT CONFORMING N/A	
6.7 2600 Commun	icating the Acceptance	of Risks	
This section considers the arrangements which apply if the CAE has concluded that management has accepted a level of risk that may be unacceptable to the organisation.			
Situations of this kind are expected to be rare. PSIAS 2600 sets out communication requirements for the CAE. It is not the responsibility of the CAE to resolve the risk.			
	_	has accepted a level of risk that may be or she discussed the matter with senior	The IAAM (CAE) has not concluded this to date but would refer the matter to the Financial Services Manager (Section 151 Officer). The IAAM (CAE) has not concluded this to date but would if

If, after discussion with senior management, the CAE continues to conclude			appropriate refer the matter to the Audit Committee.
that the level of risk may be unacceptable to the			
organisation, has he or she communicated the situation to the board?			
CONFORMS ✓ PARTIAL NOT CONFORMING		NOT CONFORMING	